

# Complex Permittivity and Refractive Index for Metals

Aaron Webster

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The following figures plot the frequency dependent complex permittivity  $\epsilon = \epsilon' + i\epsilon''$  and refractive index  $n = n' + in''$  for silver, aluminum, gold, copper, chromium, nickel, tungsten, titanium, beryllium, palladium, and platinum using either the Drude (Equation 3), Lorentz-Drude (Equation 4), or Brendel-Bormann (Equation 5) models in the range 200 nm to 2000 nm. The material parameters and mathematical formalism detailed in [1]. These tables are generated programmatically. Three different models for the complex permittivity are tabulated. The first two are the Drude and Lorentz-Drude (LD) models.

$$\epsilon_D = \epsilon_D \quad (1)$$

$$\epsilon_{LD} = \epsilon_D + \epsilon_L \quad (2)$$

where  $\epsilon_D$  is contribution from the Drude model, representing free electron effects

$$\epsilon_D = 1 - \frac{\sqrt{f_0} \omega_p'^2}{\omega(\omega - i\Gamma'_0)} \quad (3)$$

and  $\epsilon_L$  is the Lorentz contribution, representing the bound electron effects

$$\epsilon_L = \sum_{j=0}^k \frac{f_j \omega_p'^2}{\omega_j'^2 - \omega^2 + i\omega\Gamma'_j} \quad (4)$$

The third is the Brendel-Bormann model which is based instead on an infinite superposition of oscillators

$$\epsilon_{BB} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi} \sigma_n} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp\left(-\frac{(x - \omega'_n)}{2\sigma_n^2}\right) \frac{f_j \omega_p'^2}{(x^2 - \omega^2) + i\omega\Gamma'_n} dx \quad (5)$$

## 0.1 Ag

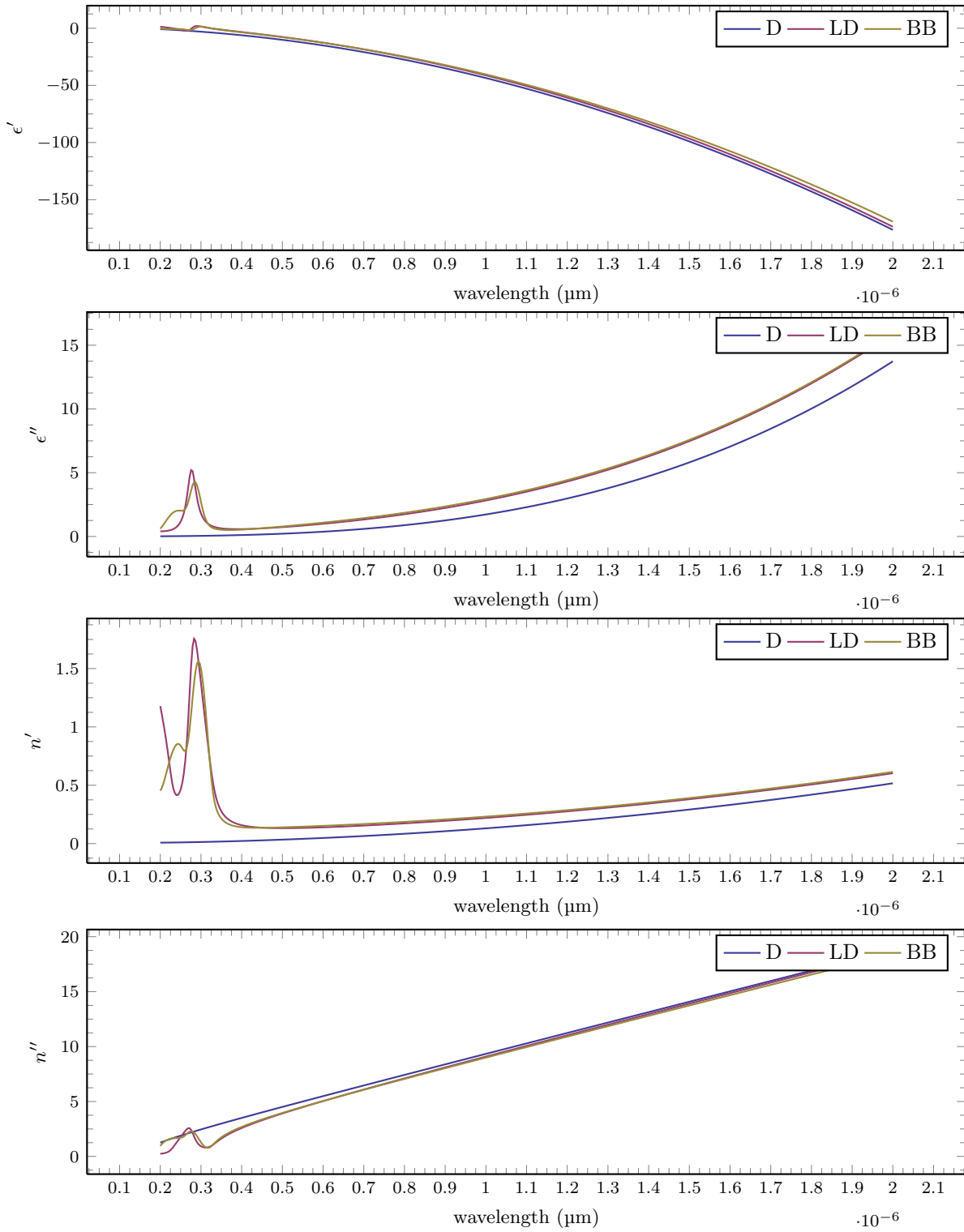


Figure 1: Material parameters for Ag based on the Drude, Lorentz-Drude, and Brendel-Bormann models.

## 0.2 Al

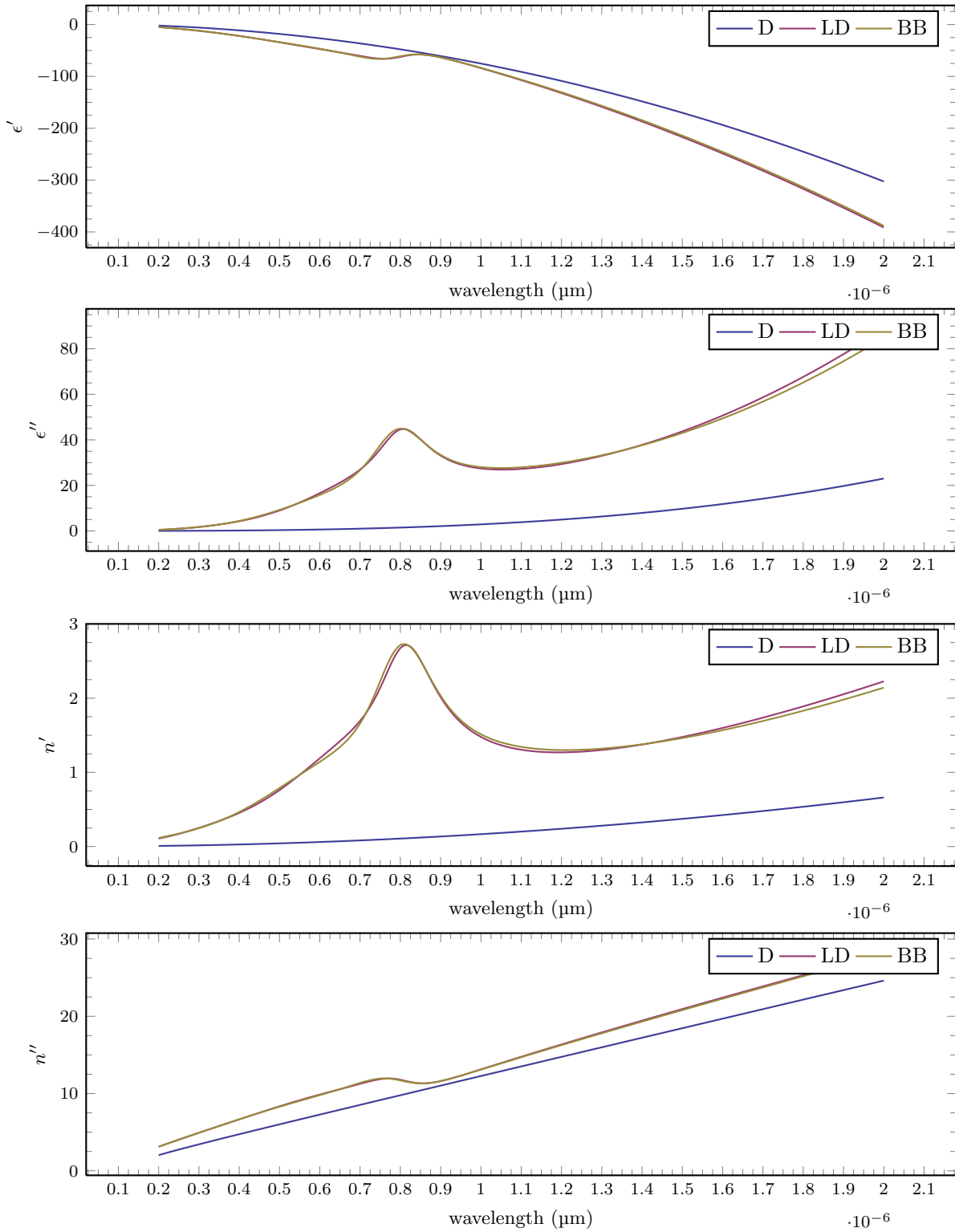


Figure 2: Material parameters for Al based on the Drude, Lorentz-Drude, and Brendel-Bormann models.

### 0.3 Au

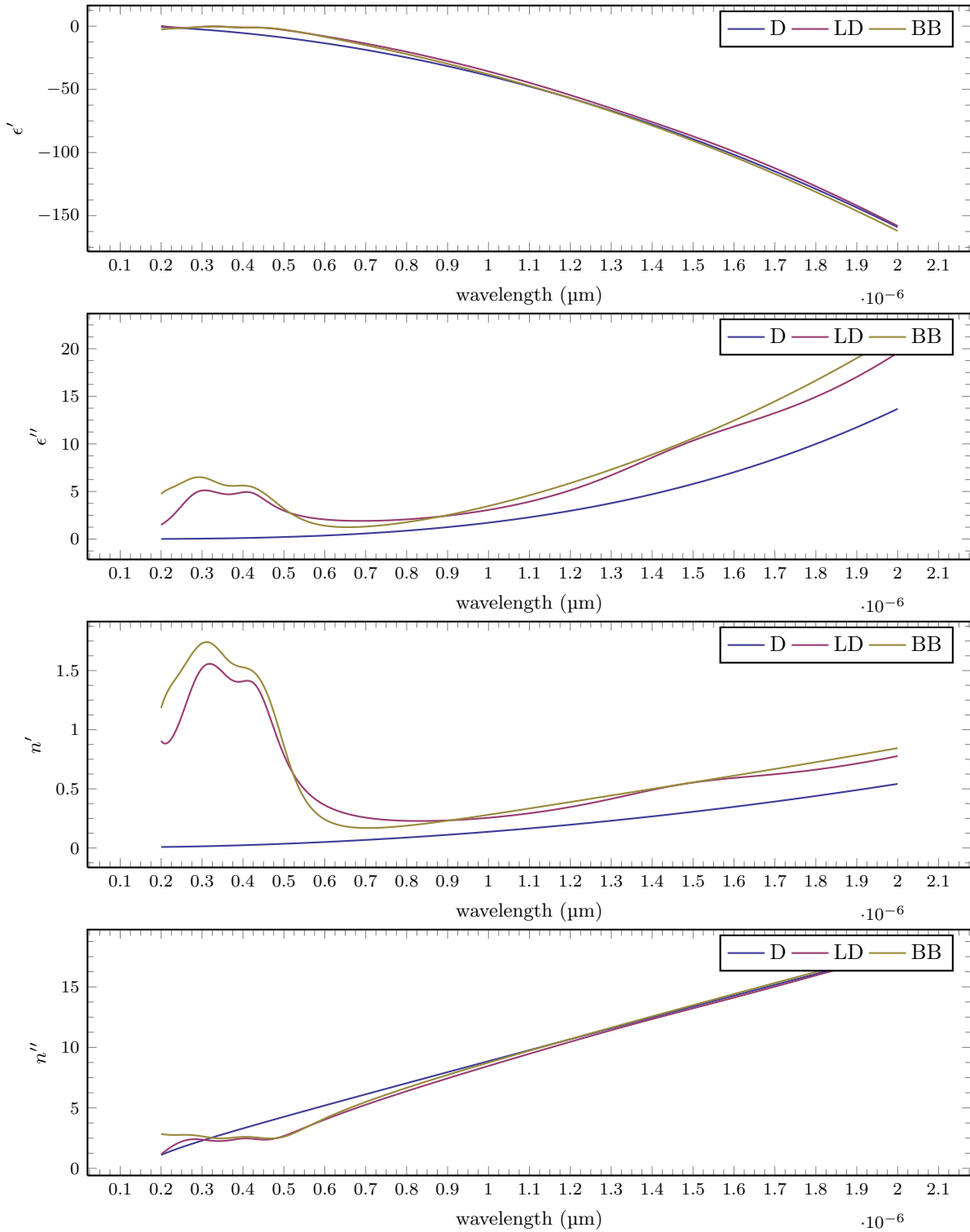


Figure 3: Material parameters for Au based on the Drude, Lorentz-Drude, and Brendel-Bormann models.

## 0.4 Cu

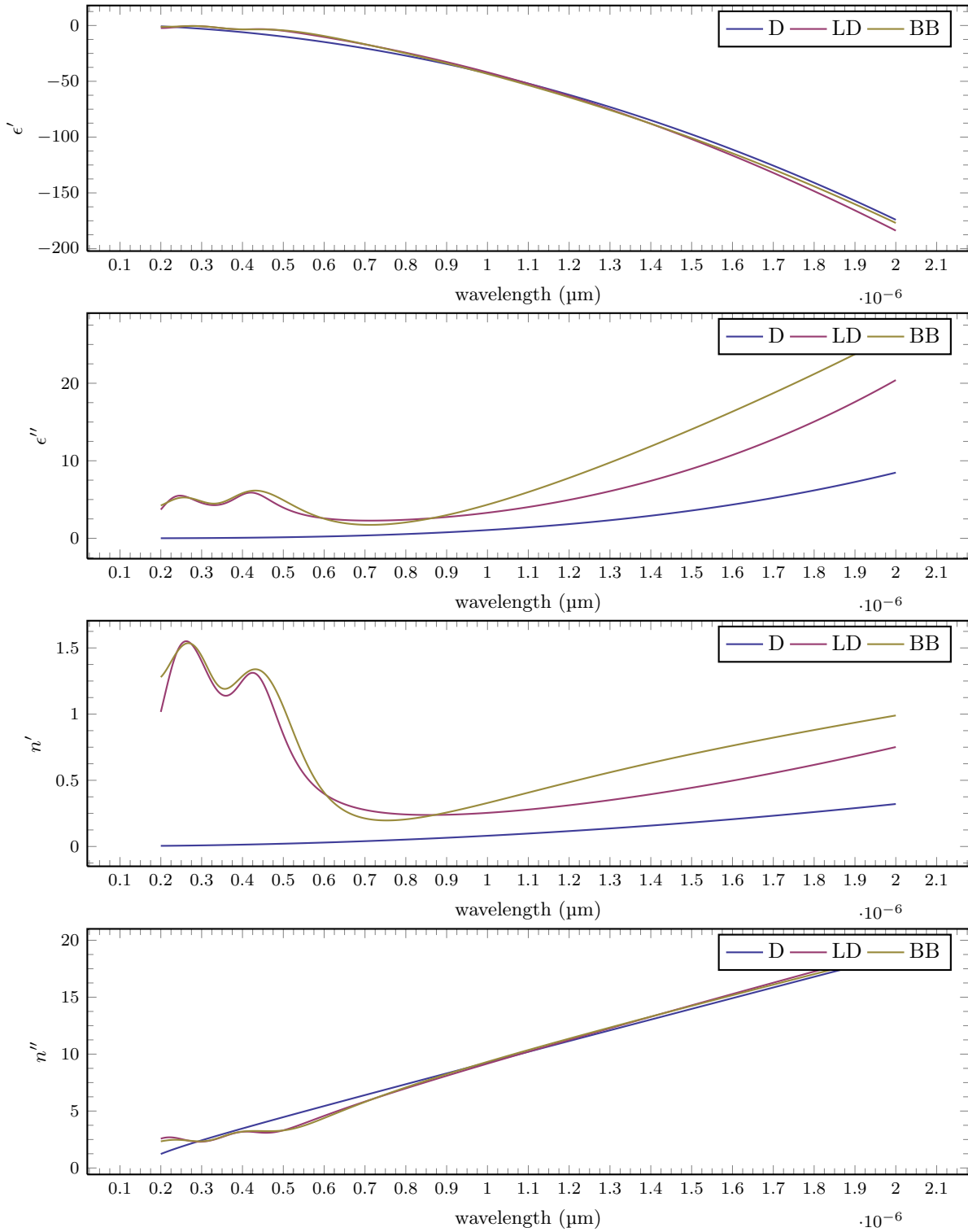


Figure 4: Material parameters for Cu based on the Drude, Lorentz-Drude, and Brendel-Bormann models.

## 0.5 Cr

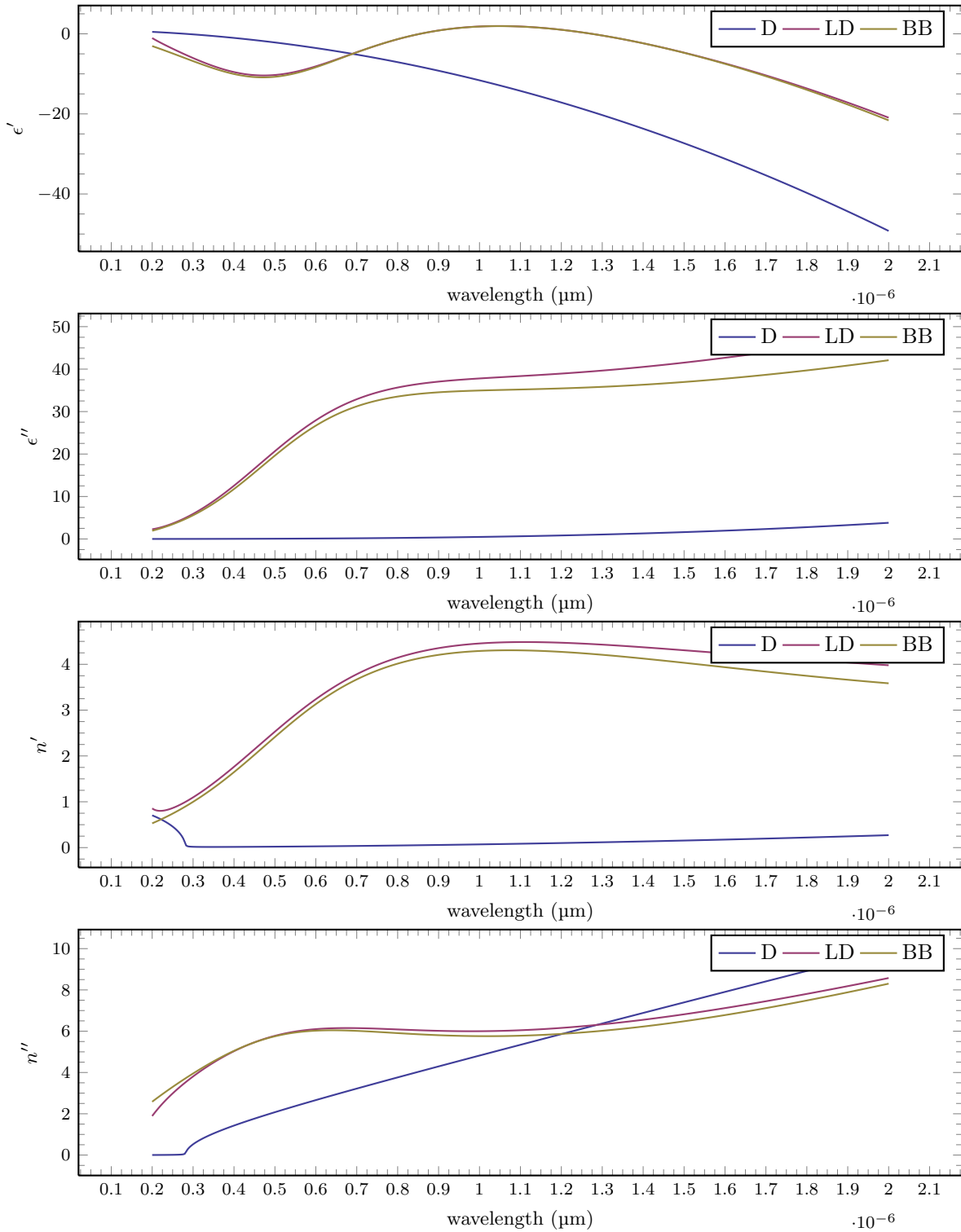


Figure 5: Material parameters for Cr based on the Drude, Lorentz-Drude, and Brendel-Bormann models.

## 0.6 Ni

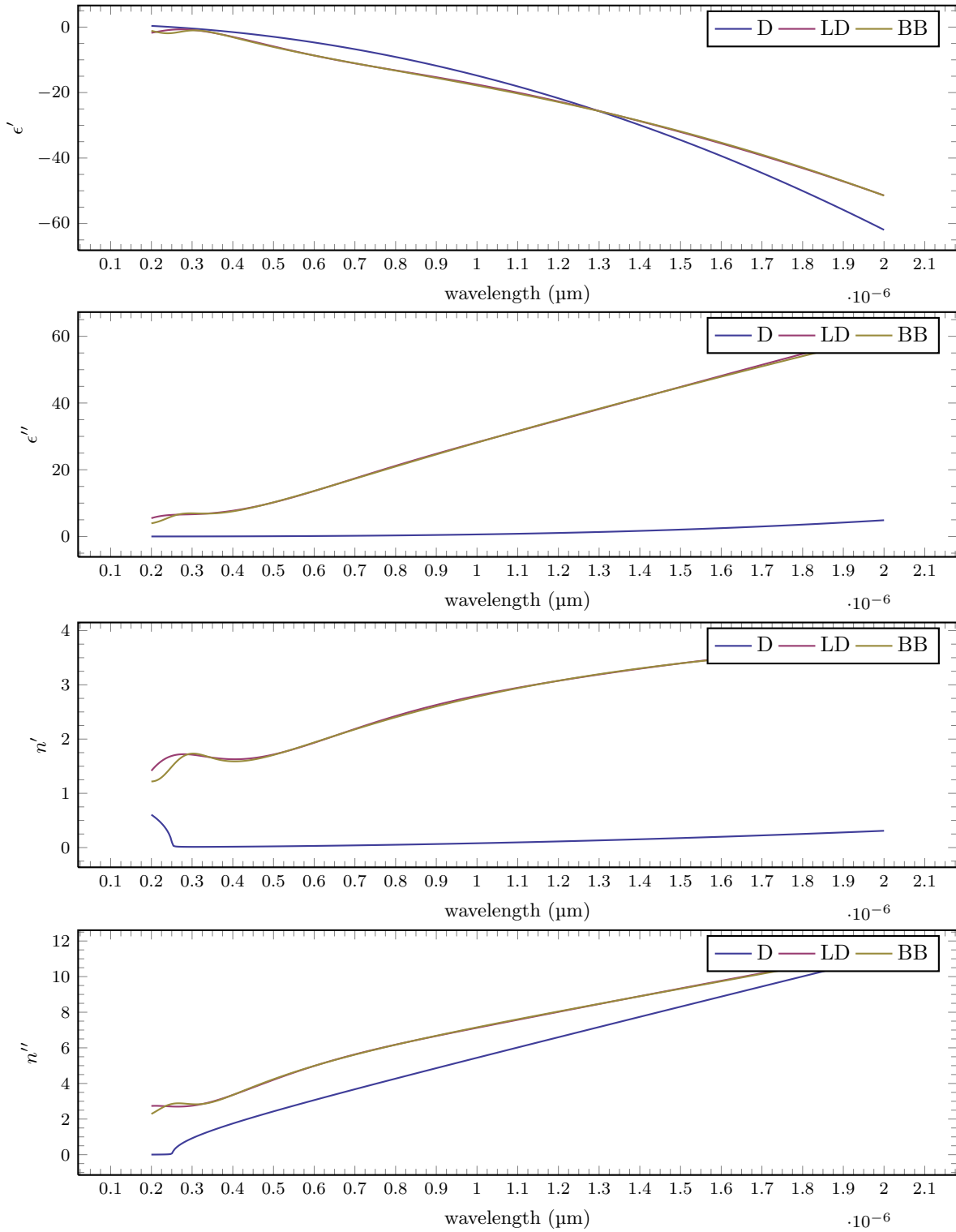


Figure 6: Material parameters for Ni based on the Drude, Lorentz-Drude, and Brendel-Bormann models.

## 0.7 W

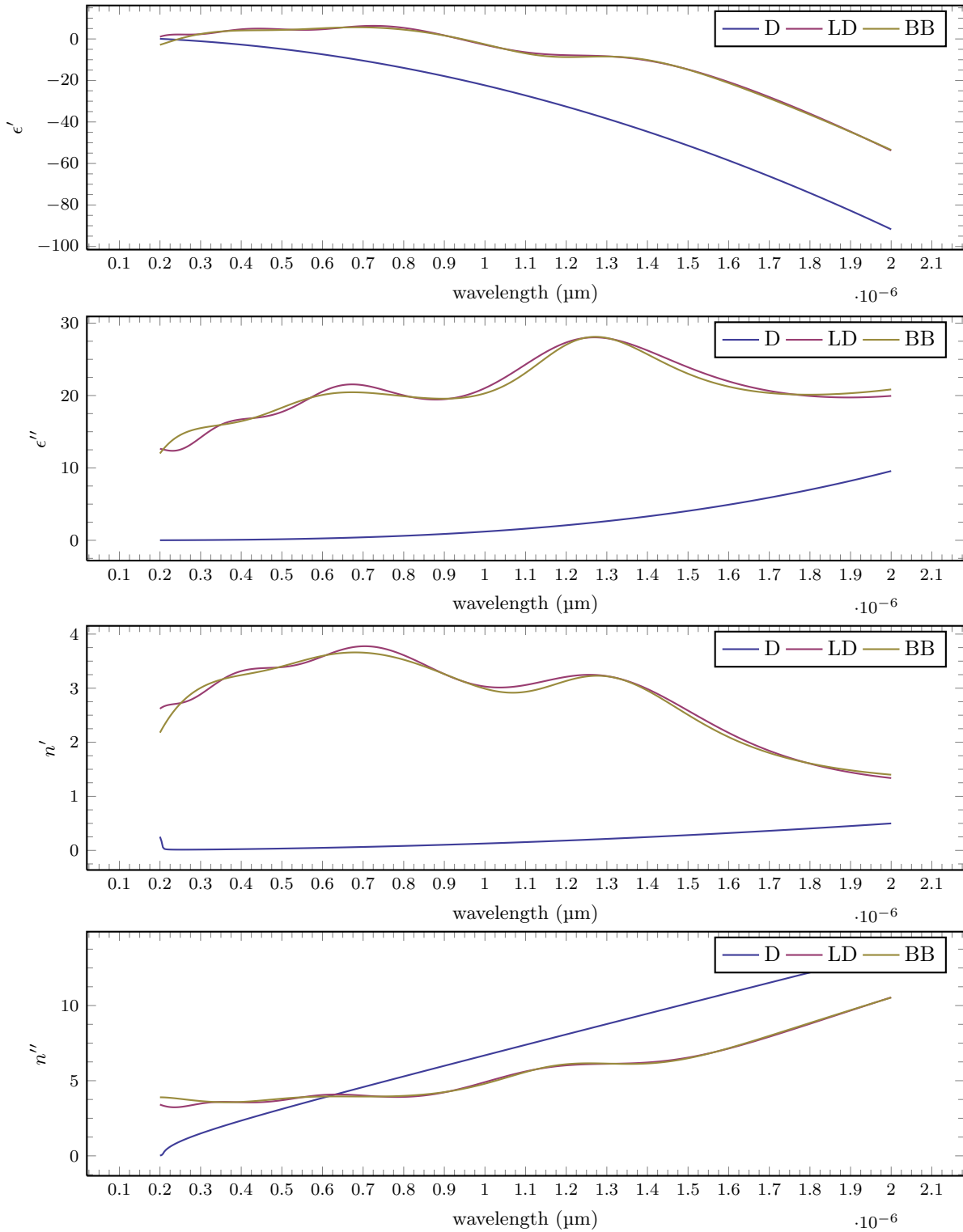


Figure 7: Material parameters for W based on the Drude, Lorentz-Drude, and Brendel-Bormann models.



## 0.8 Ti

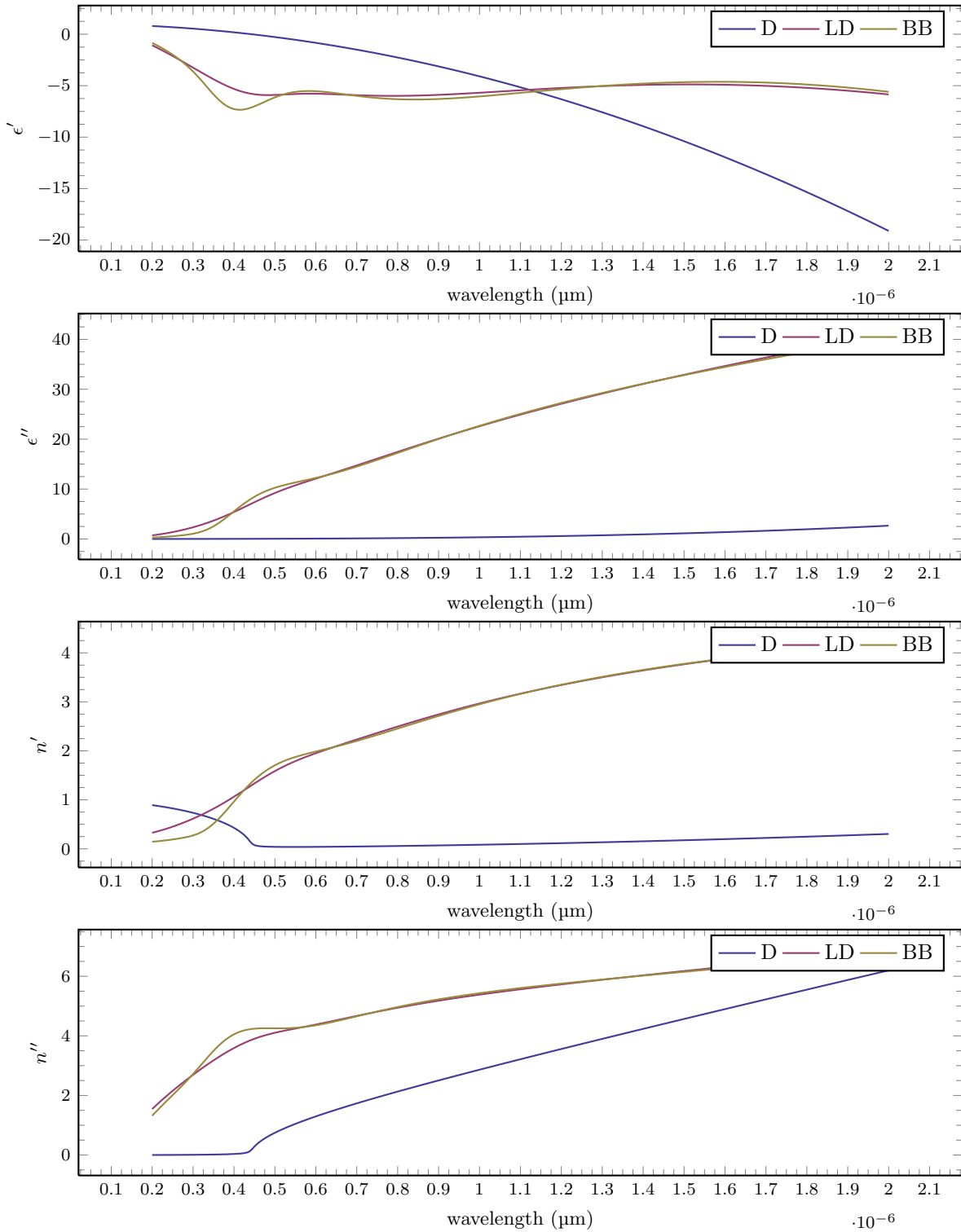


Figure 8: Material parameters for Ti based on the Drude, Lorentz-Drude, and Brendel-Bormann models.

## 0.9 Be

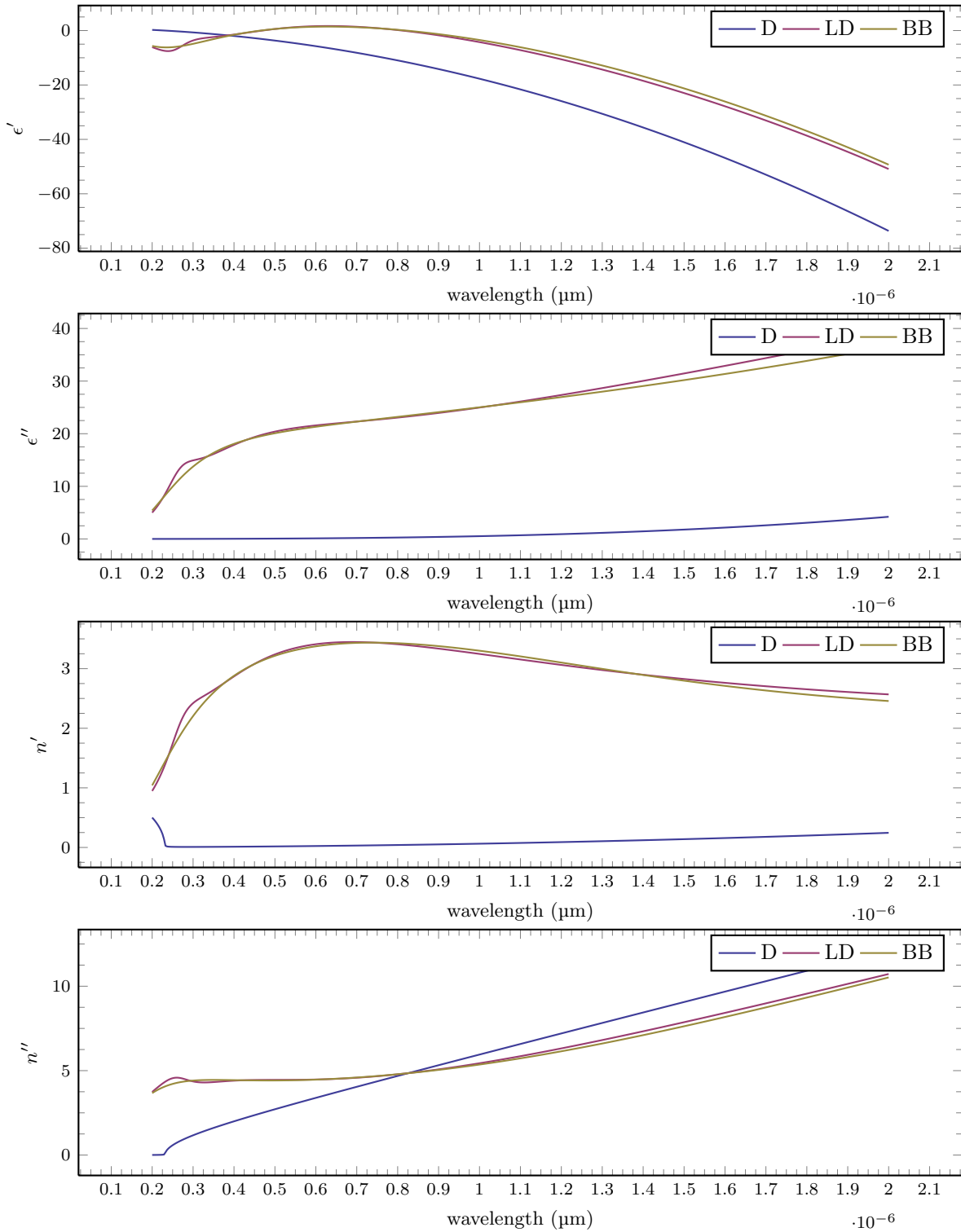


Figure 9: Material parameters for Be based on the Drude, Lorentz-Drude, and Brendel-Bormann models.

## 0.10 Pd

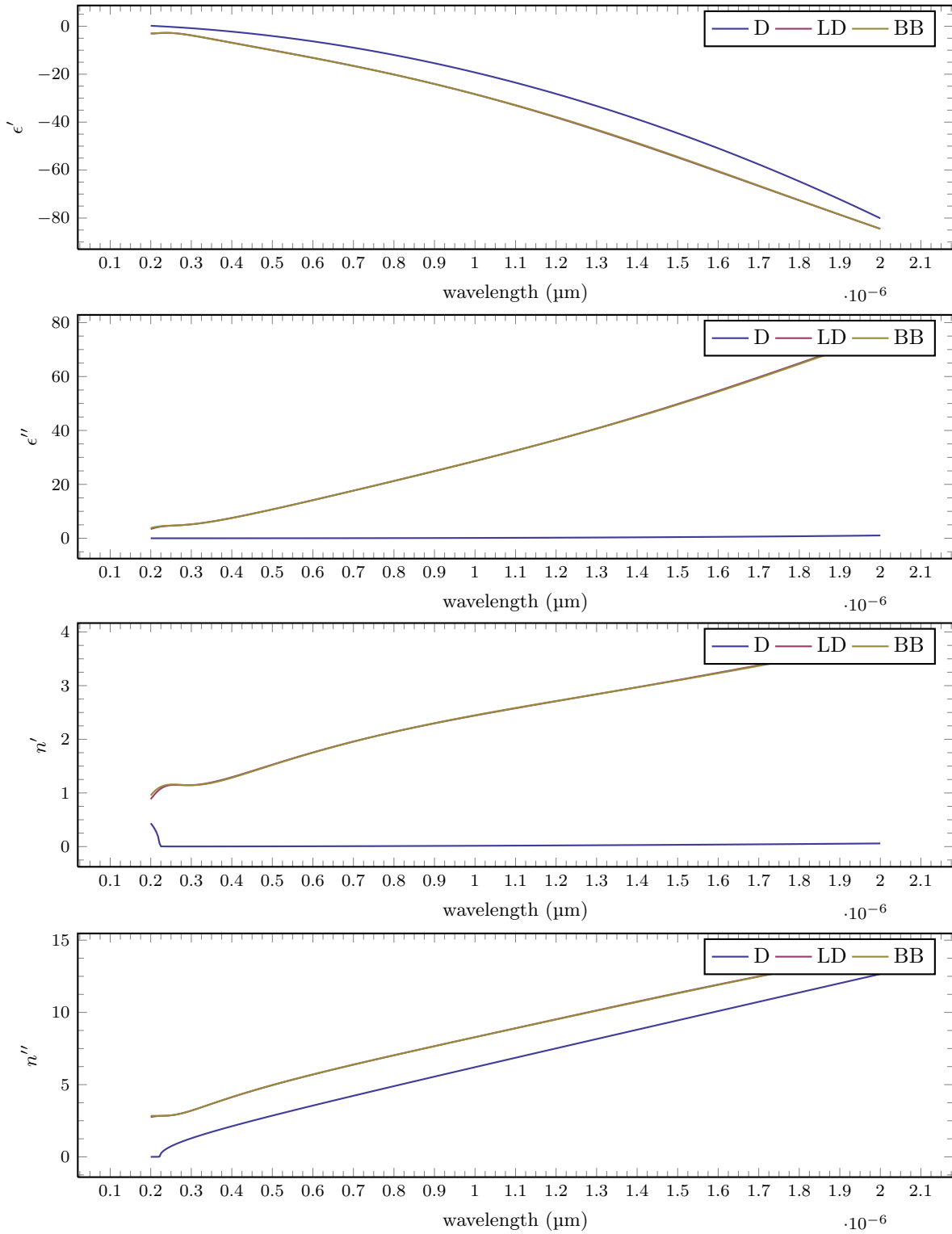


Figure 10: Material parameters for Pd based on the Drude, Lorentz-Drude, and Brendel-Bormann models.

### 0.11 Pt

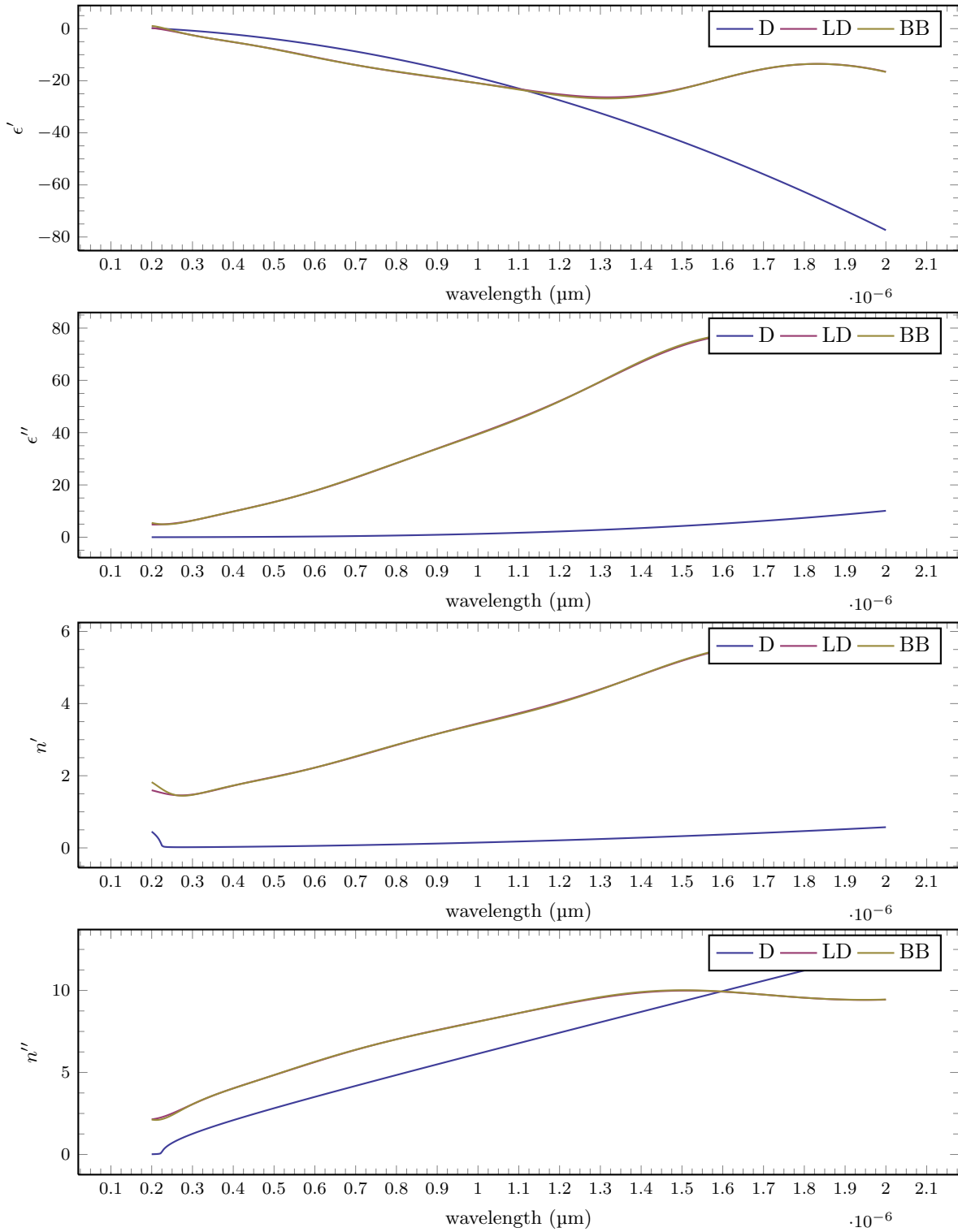


Figure 11: Material parameters for Pt based on the Drude, Lorentz-Drude, and Brendel-Bormann models.

## References

- [1] A.D. Rakic, A.B. Djurišić, J.M. Elazar, and M.L. Majewski. Optical properties of metallic films for vertical-cavity optoelectronic devices. *Applied Optics*, 37(22):5271–5283, 1998.